was sold, namely, (carton) "The gelatinous substance of carefully selected Manam seeds of Plantago Psyllium * * * The Dextrine", since it con-

tained no Plantago psyllium and no significant proportion of dextrin.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements on the carton "The gelatinous substance of carefully selected Monam seeds of Plantago Psyllium * * The Dextrine * * An Accessory Food", were false and misleading. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the following statements appearing on the carton and in the circular contained in the carton, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the article, were false and fraudulent: (Carton) "Indicated in the treatment of digestive disturbances, bowel irregularities and gastro-intestinal disorders. In such definite symptoms as * * * Diarrhea, Stomach Hyperacidity and other effects traceable to intestinal conditions. * * Bowel Regulator * * in severe cases * * * For Obstinate or Chronic Indigestion, * * * etc. * * * Keep up until relieved * * Indicated in the treatment of digestive disturbances, bowel irregularities and gastro-intestinal disorders. In such definite symptoms as * * * Diarrhea, Stomach Hyperacidity and other effects traceable to intestinal conditions * * * coordinate in destroying putrification * * * for normal regulation of the bowels * * * recognized for its strengthening normalizing * * * qualities * * * may be used periodically to maintain the active digestive processes in men, women and children * * * Natural Health"; (circular) "Natural Health * * * A natural regulator that restores the normal activity of the bowels * * * Indicated in the treatment of digestive disturbances, bowel irregularities and gastro-intestinal disorders. In such definite symptoms as * * * Diarrhea, Stomach Hyperacidity and other effects traceable to intestinal conditions * * * coordinate in destroying putrification * * * for normal regulation of the bowels * * * is a natural agent recognized for its strengthening, normalizing * * qualities * * * to maintain the active digestive processes in men, women and children. '* * * produces highly gatisfactory records of Calific as well as in Chapter Canada. highly satisfactory results in cases of Colitis as well as in Chronic Constipation', * * a bad case of bleeding piles unquestionably caused by chronic constination has yielded to the treatment of Manam * * * Natural Health * * * in severe cases * * * for Obstinate or Chronic Indigestion * * * etc. * * * Keep up until relieved."

On October 18, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered by the court that the

product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

21522. Misbranding of Savol. U. S. v. 46 Packages of Savol. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 30546. Sample no. 39995-A.)

Examination of the drug product Savol disclosed that it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing certain curative and

therapeutic effects claimed in the labeling.

On June 5, 1933, the United States attorney for the Northern District of West Virginia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 46 packages of Savol at Wheeling, W.Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 5, 1933, by the Savol Chemical Co., from Mercer, Pa., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this Department showed that it consisted essentially of phenols (including 5.5 percent of carbolic acid), soap, and water. Bacteriological examination showed that the product had a phenol

coefficient of 2.5.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements, appearing on the carton and bottle labels, and in a circular shipped with the article, regarding its curative and therapeutic effects, were false and fraudulent: (Carton) "A timely application to * * * sores. Minimizes the possibility of infected sores, abscesses, boils, felons and all complications due to infection. * * * Apply full strength Savol to bites of animals * * * or open sores * * * infected part"; (bottle) "Apply this solution to * * * open sores * * * beneficial for nasal catarrh,

hay fever"; (circular) "A vigorous young man opens a pimple on his nose, and is dead in fifty-six hours from blood-poisoning. A healthy woman gets a splinter in her finger, and dies within a week from lockjaw. A robust business man skins his knuckle on a box and succumbs to blood-poisoning in four Uses—There is no injury to the skin so slight that it may not result in blood-poisoning. The puncture of a thorn or the scratch of a pin may carry microbes just beneath the scaly layers of the skin, even without drawing blood, that may cause felons, boils, abscesses, carbuncles, erysipelas, and even death; therefore in all cases of abrasions or wounds of the skin or mucous surfaces, such as cuts, bruises, scratches or punctures, no difference how trivial, it is on the side of safety, and can do no harm, to bathe the wound in diluted Savol, * * * If a wound is already inflamed, make an effort to overcome the infection by the constant application of diluted Savol. Keep a hand or a foot immersed in Hot solution until the swelling is reduced and the pain ceases. If taken just as soon as it begins to pain and throb, a felon can often be broken up by thus soaking the affected part for several hours. But if the infection is already too deep for Savol to reach it, and pus forms, lose no time in having a doctor open and drain it, after which, renew hot pads wet with diluted Savol. This answers every purpose of a poultice and, also, limits and destroys germ infection, whereas, a poultice promotes and spreads it. * * * apply full strength Savol to the bottom of puncture made by dirty nails, splinters etc., and dog bites. Open inflamed pimples and apply Savol to them, and to open festering sores, in the same strength and manner. * * * Gangrene of the toes, so common in elderly people is frequently cured by the constant application of gauze wet in hot diluted Savol. Keep the foot firm and don't stand, or put any weight on it, until * * * As a * * * healing agent for leucorrhoea, douche with a quart of Hot diluted Savol twice a day. The proper application of diluted Savol in confinement or maternity cases prevents blood-poisoning half teaspoonful of Savol and a level teaspoonful each of salt and soda in a quart of warm water makes a good douche for the nasal passages, in catarrh It can be used, also, * * * as a gargle for sore and hay fever. If the nose and throat are carefully douched every hour, in acute diseases affecting them, it will afford great comfort and greatly lessen the danger of secondary infection, of the nature of blood-poisoning, which so often follows and complicates diphtheria and scarlet fever. * * * It can be fed to diseased Poultry with gratifying results."

On October 24, 1933, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court

that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

21523. Misbranding of Penslar Sore Throat Gargle and Penslar Children's Cough Syrup. U. S. v. 48 Large Packages of Penslar Sore Throat Gargle, et al. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 30858, 30859. Sample nos. 30370-A. 30371-A.)

Examination of the drug preparations involved in these cases disclosed that they contained no ingredients or combinations of ingredients capable of pro-

ducing certain curative and therapeutic effects claimed in the labeling.

On August 7, 1933, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, holding a district court, libels praying seizure and condemnation of 72 large and small packages of Penslar Sore Throat Gargle, and 60 large and small packages of Penslar Children's Cough Syrup at Washington, D.C., alleging that the articles were in possession of the Peoples Drug Stores, Washington, D.C., and were being offered for sale in the District of Columbia, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended

Analyses of samples of the articles by this Department showed that the Penslar Sore Throat Gargle consisted essentially of potassium chlorate, ferric chloride, glycerin, alcohol, and water; and that the Penslar Children's Cough Syrup consisted essentially of extracts of plant drugs, including ipecac, flavoring materials, alcohol, sugar, and water.

It was alleged in the libels that the articles were misbranded in that the following statements appearing in the labeling, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the articles, were false and fraudulent: (Penslar Sore Throat Gargle, carton) "Sore Throat * * * For Inflamed Sore Throat,